

- 1.6.4 If acne relapses after a second course of oral isotretinoin and is currently moderate to severe, further care should be decided by the consultant dermatologist-led team or the nationally accredited GPwER working within a consultant dermatologist-agreed pathway. If the person is no longer under their care, offer re-referral.

For a short explanation of why the committee made these recommendations and how they might affect practice, see the [rationale and impact section on relapse](#).

Full details of the evidence and the committee's discussion are in [evidence review H: management options for refractory acne](#).

1.7 Maintenance

- 1.7.1 Encourage continued appropriate skin care (see [recommendations 1.2.1 to 1.2.4](#)).
- 1.7.2 Explain to the person with acne that, after completion of treatment, maintenance treatment is not always necessary.
- 1.7.3 Consider maintenance treatment in people with a history of frequent relapse after treatment.
- 1.7.4 Consider a [fixed combination of topical adapalene and topical benzoyl peroxide](#) as maintenance treatment for acne. If this is not tolerated, or if 1 component of the combination is contraindicated, consider topical monotherapy with [adapalene](#), [azelaic acid](#), or [benzoyl peroxide](#) (see also [recommendation 1.5.7 on starting topical treatment](#)).
- 1.7.5 Review maintenance treatments for acne after 12 weeks to decide if they should continue.